

# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.usplo.gov

APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/797,732	797,732 03/10/2004		Ramiro Quintero Illera	68349-00008USPX	3413	
23932	7590	05/31/2006		EXAMINER		
		HRIST, PC	LE, HOANGANH T			
1445 ROSS SUITE 3200		3	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
DALLAS,		2		2821		
				DATE MAILED: 05/31/2000	6	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				11			
		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/797,732	QUINTERO ILLERA ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	<del></del>			
		HoangAnh T. Le	2821				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport Reply	pears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence address				
WHIC - Exte after - If NO - Failt Any	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 FOR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period une to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 136(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO e, cause the application to become A	ICATION. I reply be timely filed INTHS from the mailing date of this communicABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 A	pril 2006.					
2a) <u></u>	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This	s action is non-final.					
3)[	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under to	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-30 and 33-40 is/are pending in the	application.					
,,,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)[	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-3,8-13,25-30 and 33-40</u> is/are reject	cted.					
7)🖂	Claim(s) 4-7 and 14-24 is/are objected to.						
8)[	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		by the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	tion is required if the drawing	g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.1	21(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	kaminer. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-15	2.			
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document	s have been received. s have been received in a rity documents have been	Application No	•			
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies no	received.				
			bronaulle	eV			
			Hoanganh Le				
Attachmen	t(s)		Primary Examiner				
1) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)				
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)		(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
	r No(s)/Mail Date	6)  Other:					

Application/Control Number: 10/797,732 Page 2

Art Unit: 2821

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. The RCE filed on April 28, 2006 is acknowledged.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

3. Claims 8,13 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 8, "said conducting strips" has no antecedent basis.

In claim 13, "the conducting strips" has no antecedent basis

In claim 30, what is meant by "the antenna system is smaller than a half of the free- space operating wavelength"? The length or the width of the system?

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 5. Claims 1-3,9-12,25,27,29,30,33-34, and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Luomna (the US Patent No. 5,497,167).

Art Unit: 2821

The Luomna reference teaches in figure 1 an antenna system comprising: an antenna element 2; a ground-plane 1 comprising at least two conducting surfaces 4,5 each having a plurality of sides defined by at least one edge; at least one conducting strip connecting the at least two conducting surfaces for allowing current to flow between the at least two conducting surface; and the strip being narrower than the width of any of the at least two conducting surfaces, wherein the ground plane includes at least one gap having an open end between the at least two conductive surfaces. wherein each of the at least two conducting surfaces are of a shape with at least four Sides, and wherein the ground-plane contributes to the radiation performance of the antenna system (figure 1). The conducting surfaces are on a common planar or curved surface (figure 1). Two edges of at least two conducting surfaces 4,5 are placed substantially parallel to each other, and the at least one conducting strip connecting the two conducting surfaces is placed substantially centered with respect to the gap defined by the two substantially parallel edges (figure 1). The ground-plane comprises a plurality of conducting surfaces on the same planar or curved surface, wherein at least two of the conducting surfaces are connected by a conducting strip (figure 1). Each two adjacent conducting surfaces are connected by at least a one conducting strip. All the conducting surfaces defining the ground-plane have a substantially rectangular shape. the rectangular shapes being sequentially aligned along a straight axis, each pair of rectangular shapes defining a gap between them, at least two opposite edges of at least one of the gaps being connected by at least one conducting strip (figure 1). All the conducting surfaces defining the ground-plane have the same horizontal width and are

Art Unit: 2821

sequentially aligned along a straight vertical axis, wherein each pair of adjacent conducting surfaces define a gap between them, wherein each pair of adjacent conducting surfaces are connected across the gap by a conducting strip, the strip being aligned along an edge of the external perimeter of the ground-plane, the edge being alternatively and sequentially chosen at the right and left sides with respect to a vertical axis crossing the center of the ground-plane (figure 1). The perimeter of the ground plane and the conducting plane are square, rectangular (figure 1). The antenna system is included in a handheld antenna device (col. 1, lines 20-23). The antenna system comprises a microstrip patch antenna 2. The antenna system includes a monopole antenna 2 (figure 1). The opposing edges of adjacent conducting surfaces are linear in shape and disposed one from the other in generally parallel spaced relationship (figure 1).

6. Claims 1-3,9-12,27, and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Carson et al (the US Patent No. 6,911,939).

The Carson et al reference teaches in figures 8-9 an antenna system comprising: an antenna element 110; a ground-plane 530 comprising at least two conducting surfaces each having a plurality of sides defined by at least one edge; at least one conducting strip connecting the at least two conducting surfaces for allowing current to flow between the at least two conducting surface; and the strip being narrower than the width of any of the at least two conducting surfaces, wherein the ground plane includes at least one gap having an open end between the at least two conductive surfaces, wherein each of the at least two conducting surfaces are of a shape with at least four

Page 5

Art Unit: 2821

sides, and wherein the ground-plane contributes to the radiation performance of the antenna system (figure 9). The conducting surfaces are on a common planar or curved surface (figure 9). Two edges of at least two conducting surfaces are placed substantially parallel to each other, and the at least one conducting strip connecting the two conducting surfaces is placed substantially centered with respect to the gap defined by the two substantially parallel edges (figure 9). The ground-plane comprises a plurality of conducting surfaces on the same planar or curved surface, wherein at least two of the conducting surfaces are connected by a conducting strip (figure 9). Each two adjacent conducting surfaces are connected by at least a one conducting strip. All the conducting surfaces defining the ground-plane have a substantially rectangular shape, the rectangular shapes being sequentially aligned along a straight axis, each pair of rectangular shapes defining a gap between them, at least two opposite edges of at least one of the gaps being connected by at least one conducting strip (figure 9). All the conducting surfaces defining the ground-plane have the same horizontal width and are sequentially aligned along a straight vertical axis, wherein each pair of adjacent conducting surfaces define a gap between them, wherein each pair of adjacent conducting surfaces are connected across the gap by a conducting strip, the strip being aligned along an edge of the external perimeter of the ground-plane, the edge being alternatively and sequentially chosen at the right and left sides with respect to a vertical axis crossing the center of the ground-plane (figure 9). The system includes a microstrip patch antenna 110. The opposing edges of adjacent conducting surfaces are linear in

shape and disposed one from the other in generally parallel spaced relationship (figure 9).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. Claim 35 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Luoma (cited above) in view of Maruyama et al (the US Patent No. 6,400,330).

The Luoma reference teaches every feature of the claimed invention, excluding the antenna system being mounted inside a rear-view mirror of a vehicle.

The Maruyama et al reference teaches in figure 5 an antenna being mounted inside a rear-view mirror of a vehicle in order to improve the characteristics of the antenna.

Since one of ordinary skill in the art would recognize the benefit of improving the characteristics of the antenna, it would have been obvious to provide Luoma with the antenna system being mounted inside a rear-view mirror of a vehicle as taught by Maruyama et al.

9. Claim 36 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Luoma (cited above) in view of Endo et al (the US Patent No. 6,271,798).

The Luoma reference teaches every feature of the claimed invention, excluding the antenna system being mounted inside a keyless door lock operation device.

Application/Control Number: 10/797,732 Page 7

Art Unit: 2821

The Endo et al reference teaches in figure 1 an antenna being mounted inside a keyless door lock operation device in order to improve the characteristics of the antenna.

Since one of ordinary skill in the art would recognize the benefit of improving the characteristics of the antenna, it would have been obvious to provide Luoma with the antenna system being mounted inside a keyless door lock operation device as taught by Endo et al.

10. Claims 26,28,38 and 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Luoma (cited above) in view of Ali (the US Patent No. 6,885,880).

The Luoma reference teaches every feature of the claimed invention, excluding the antenna system being included in a handheld wireless device, and a planar inverted-F antenna.

The Ali reference teaches in figure 5 an antenna system being included in a handheld wireless device, and a planar inverted-F antenna in order to improve the characteristics of the antenna.

Since one of ordinary skill in the art would recognize the benefit of improving the characteristics of the antenna, it would have been obvious to provide Luoma with the antenna system being included in a handheld wireless device, and a planar inverted-F antenna as taught by Ali.

Allowable Subject Matter

Application/Control Number: 10/797,732 Page 8

Art Unit: 2821

11. Claims 4-7, and 14 -24 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

12. Claims 8 and 13 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

## Response to Arguments

- 13. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-3,9-12,25-30, and 33-40 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 14. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to HoangAnh T. Le whose telephone number is (571) 272-1823. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00am-4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Don Wong can be reached on (571) 272-1834. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/797,732

Art Unit: 2821

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a

USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Hoanganh Le Primary Examiner

Page 9